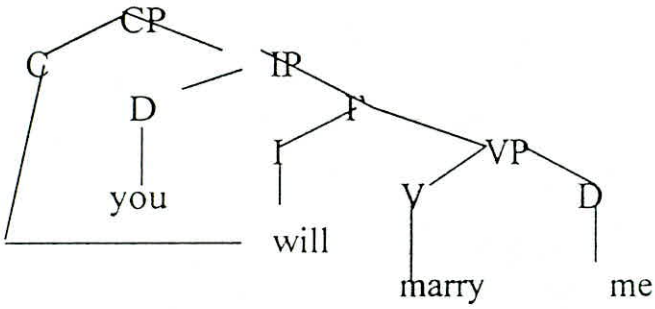
head C of CP) , and so is known more generally as **head-to-head movement** (or **head movement).**" (A.Radford,1997: 108)

1.



In answering the question as to why auxiliaries undergo inversion in questions, Chomsky (1995) says that "COMP in an interrogative clause is a strong head , and that a strong head has to be filled." (A.Radford,1997: 108) Moreover, as " complementizers cannot be used to introduce main clauses in English "(A.Radford,1997: 108) and as the strong COMP node in main-clause questions has to be filled, it is assumed that "a strong COMP node has the power to lure an auxiliary from INFL to COMP." (A.Radford,1997: 108) In describing what it means to say that COMP has a strong node in questions, Chomsky (1995) says that "COMP in questions contains an abstract question affix Q". (A.Radford,1997: 108) And "since it is the nature of affixes that they must be affixed (i.e. attached) to an appropriate kind of word" (A.Radford,1997: 108) , it is said that that " Q must be affixed either to an interrogative complementizer like *if* or to an auxiliary like *will.*" (A.Radford,1997: 108) "The auxiliary *will* moves into COMP in order to satisfy the requirement for the question affix Q to be affixed to an appropriate kind of item." (A.Radford,1997: 108)