XI: Chapter Eleven : Agreement Projections

The traditional assumption is that "languages contain movement rules which **adjoin** one constituent to another "(223) , according to which this is called **adjunction.** In the analysis of adverbs like *probably* and the quantifier *all* in sentences (1), it is assumed in this chapter that *probably* is adjoined to vp , whereby adjuncts are adjoined to " maximal projections ,rather than (as assumed in the previous chapter) to intermediate projections "(223). The adjunct **completely,** on the other hand, cannot be freely ordered, as shown by the ungrammaticality of sentence (1) (iv). Therefore, *probably* is regarded as "an IP adverb -i.e. an adverb which merges with an IP to form an extended IP."(224)

1.
(i) They have *probably* **all** given up smoking.
(ii) They *probably* **all** have given up smoking.
(iii) They have *probably* **completely** given up smoking.
(iv) * They have **completely** *probably* given up smoking.

Maintaining the **split INFL hypothesis** ,sentence (1) (i) may be assumed to have the structure in (2) (i) .