work. Moreover, the second *to* (ii)is a contentive. It has the antonym *from: He likes **to** drive **from** work.*(iii)Like a typical transitive preposition ,the second *to* can be followed by an objective pronoun like ***them***: *They think the only way of getting to their offices is to drive **to** them.* Accordingly, the second *to* cannot allow ellipsis of its complement ;whereas the first ***to*** does*: He likes to.*

II: Assign to each word a grammatical category by using the labelled bracketing technique:

(i) He was feeling disappointed at only obtaining an average grade in the morphology exercise.

(ii) Student counsellors know that money troubles can cause considerable stress.

(iii) Linguists have long suspected that peer group pressure shapes linguistic behavior patterns in very young children.

(iv Students often complain to their high school teachers that the state education system promotes universal mediocrity.

Model Answer

Sentence (i)

(i) [D He] [I was] [V feeling] [A disappointed] [P at] [ADV only]

[V obtaining] [D an] [A average] [N grade] [P in] [D the] [N morphology] [N exercise]

It is to be noted that the pronominal is a *determiner* ;and the word *average* functions as an adjective. This is indicated by its